

NSERC PermafrostNet

Advancing interoperable and open permafrost data

Hosted by:

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Background

PermafrostNet is a **multi-sectoral** research network comprised of researchers from 11 universities and more than 40 partnering organizations.

The NSERC Permafrost Partnership Network for Canada (PermafrostNet) is a research network established in 2019 which aims to boost Canada's ability to monitor, predict and adapt to large-scale permafrost thaw.

PermafrostNet is funded by the Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council (NSERC) Strategic Partnership Grants for Networks with in-kind and cash contributions from partners and participating institutions.

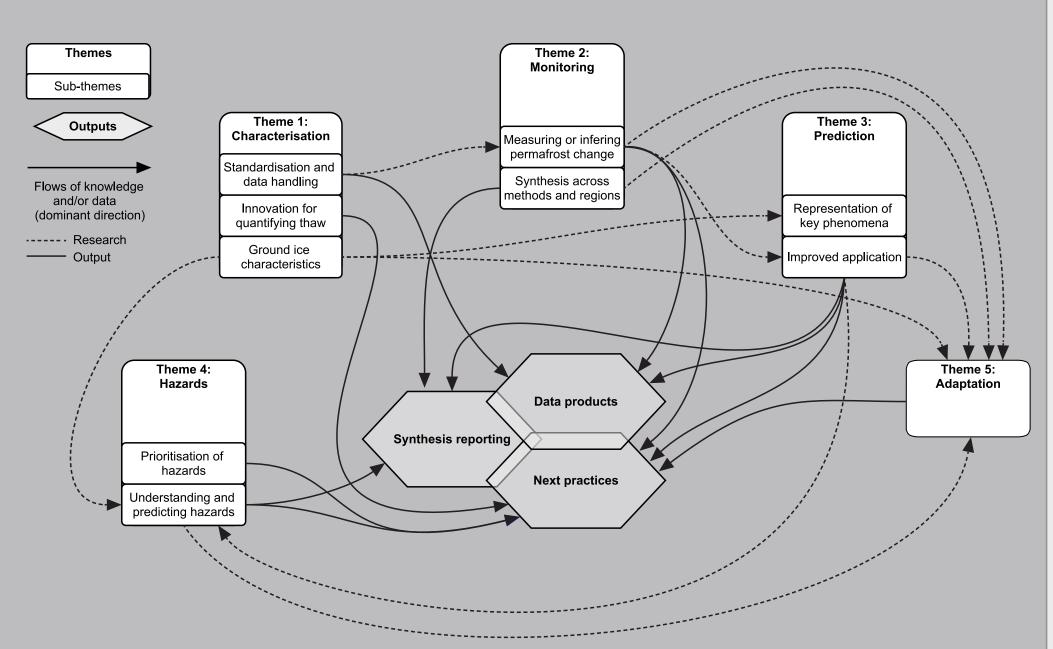


Figure 1: Schematic of research themes in PermafrostNet. Arrows show the predominant direction in which data or knowledge flow

Our partner organizations come from industry, Indigenous and Northern communities and government agencies both nationally and internationally.

Interoperability for permafrost data

PermafrostNet is connecting researchers, practitioners and stakeholders to determine the needs for permafrost data.

Several network partners have developed, or are developing, data systems for permafrost. However, these are not yet interoperable, and many use inconsistent controlled vocabularies for key variables (Figure 4).

In partnernship with CCADI and other partners, the network will adopt and adapt standards for permafrost data, and develop a shared set of tools for working with permafrost data.

In May 2020, PermafrostNet will host a data workshop to discuss standards and needs for permafrost data. PermafrostNet researchers will use these data sources to create pan-Canadian data products and predictions for permafrost change.

Variable		Database						
		NTGS	GTN-P	GSC	YGS	PERMOS	NorPerm	Carleton
Drilling type		•	•	•	0		•	
Data type			•					
Measurement Frequency			•				•	
Sampling method		•	•		0			
Sampling medium			•	•	0		•	
Quality Control			•					
Vegetation	Туре	•	•		0		•	
	Height	•						
	Density	•						
Topography			•		0		•	
Accessibility			•			•	•	
Permafrost Zone			•			•	•	
Disturbance	Туре	•	•		0		•	
Plasticity				•				
Ice	Description			•	0			
	Presence	•						
Project Purpose		•					•	
Calibration Status		•						
Drainage		•			0			•
Surface cover		•				•		
Curficial Coolagy	Material	•			0		•	
Surficial Geology	Landform					•		•
Snow		•					•	•

● Strict controlled vocabulary ○: Suggested values but not restricted Figure 4: A comparison of existing controlled vocabularies for data and metadata in permafrost databases provided by Canadian and International organizations conducting permafrost research.

Identifying priority data types

Data for many important variables are not yet readily available despite their importance for permafrost research.

We conducted a survey of six existing permafrost databases to identify which data and metadata types are currently available (Figure 2).

Each variable was given a measure of relative importance for permafrost research using simple bibliometric statistic: the number of search hits in Google Scholar for "permafrost" plus the variable name (Figure 3).

Certain variables, like ground temperature and some sitelevel metadata, are both widely available and highly relevant to permafrost research. More commonly, data for important variables are not yet readily available to the research community. These are priority data types that will be needed to support the next generation of Canadian permafrost research.

As part of developing 'next practices', the network will identify the variables that are missing altogether from the landscape of available permafrost data.

Observation	Class	GSC	YGS	NTGS
liquid limit	geotech	LIQ_LIMIT	LL	
moisture content	geotech	PR_OPT_MC		
salinity	geotech		SALINITY	
soil type	geotech	SOIL_TYPE, soil_type_2, USC, DESCRIPT	USC, SOIL_DESCR, CLASS	
solid core recovery	geotech		SOLID_CORE	
specific gravity	geotech	SPEC_GRAV	GS	
stratigraphic contact	geotech		BOUNDARY	
TCR	geotech		RECOVERY	
ALT / thaw depth	permafrost	ALT_PROBE, ALT_GROUNDTEMP	SURFACE_THAW	
measurement frequency	permafrost			MeasurementInterval
organic thickness	permafrost		ORGANIC_THICKNESS	OrganicLayer
unfrozen water content	permafrost		UNFROZEN_WATER	
vegetation density	permafrost		VEG_DENSITY	VegetationDensity
vegetation height	permafrost		VEG_HEIGHT	VegetationHeight
drainage	site		DRAINAGE	SurfaceDrainage
location	site	LAT, LON, ELEVATION	ELEVATION, UTMZONE, NORTHING, EASTING, LATITUDE, LONGITUDE	Latitude, Longitude, GeodeticDatum, SiteElevation
overburden thickness	site			OverburdenThickness
slope angle	site		SLOPE_ANGLE	SlopeAngle
slope aspect	site		SLOPE_ASPECT	SlopeAspect
surface cover	site			SurfaceCoverMaterial
topography	site		TOPOGRAPHY	LocalRelief

Figure 2: Comparing the variables present in existing databases. Only a subset of the entire table is shown.

PermafrostNet and CCADI will help ensure Canada remains a leader in permafrost research by leveraging innnovative data management capabilities.

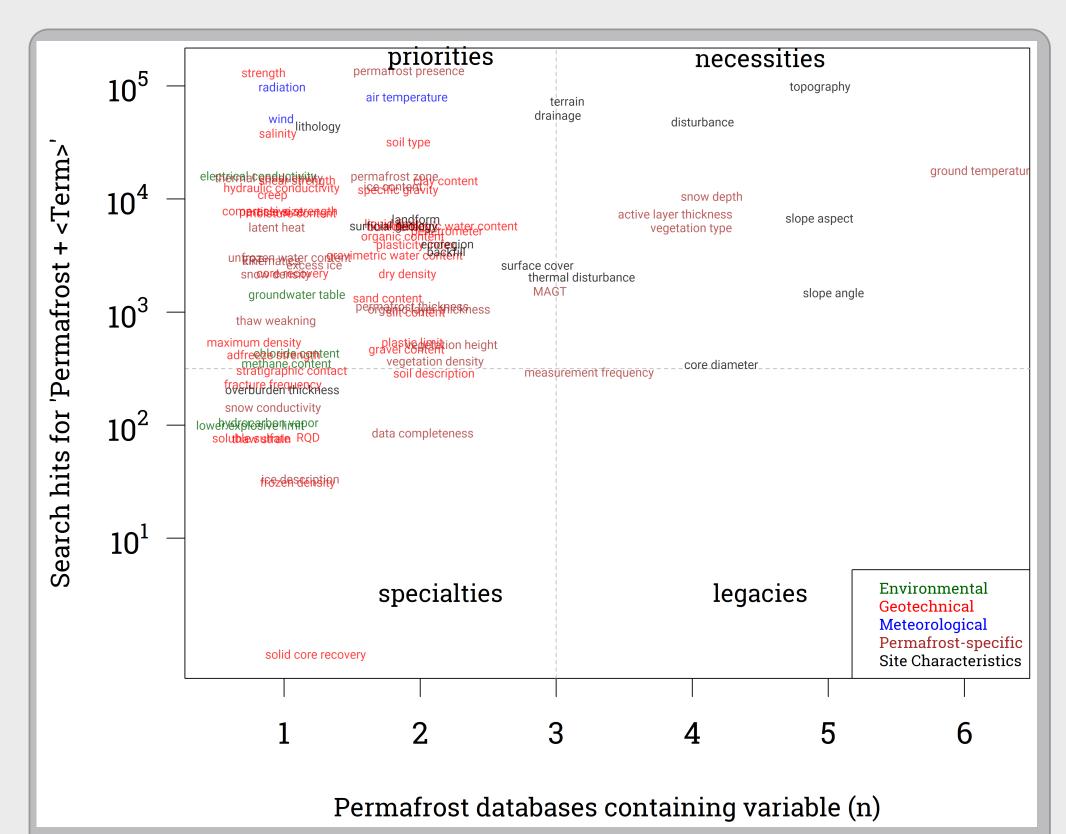


Figure 3: Identifying priority data types for interoperability efforts based on how common each one is, and how relevent it is to permafrost research. Necessities are widely available and relevant for permafrost - these will be useful to support early on to demonstrate the value of interoperability to stakeholders. **Priorities** are variables that are important but aren't yet available, these will also be important to support early but may require more effort to make interoperable. Legacies are variables that are widely available, but may be collected for historic reasons rather than targeted for permafrost research. Finally, Specialties are less common and may be only relevent to a small subset of research. These will be a lower priority for interoperability.

Network Partners

Aurora College & Aurora Research Institute

BGC Engineering Inc. b.geos

BC Ministry of Forest, Lands, Natural Resource Operations and Rural Development Canada Centre for Mapping and Earth Observation

Canada-Nunavut Geoscience Office

Canadian Permafrost Association

Canadian Consortium for Arctic Data Interoperability Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences

Churchill Northern Studies Centre

Crown-Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada ECCC, Atmospheric Science and Technology Directorate

ECCC, Canadian Centre for Climate Services

Fort Severn First Nation

Federation of Canadian Municipalities

Geological Survey of Canada Government of Nunavut, Climate Change Secretariat

Government of the Northwest Territories, Environment and Natural Resources

Gwich'in Renewable Resources Board Inuvialuit Game Council

Lunds University

MDA Ltd

Ministère des Transports du Québec

National Research Council

National Snow and Ice Data Cente

Natural Resources Canada Northwest Territories Department of Infrastructure

Northwest Territories Geological Survey

Nunataryuk: EU Horizon 2020

Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry Polar Knowledge Canada

SRK Consulting Inc. Standards Council of Canada

Swiss Permafrost Monitoring Network PERMOS

Tr'ondëk Hwëch'in Government Transport Canada

Yukon Government: Department of Environment

Yukon Government: Transportation Engineering Branch

Yukon Geological Survey

Yukon Parks and Tombstone National Park

Yukon College



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